

Based on NCERT Pattern



UPKAR'S

NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA ENTRANCE EXAM.



For Class VI

Dr. LAL & JAIN

 **UPKAR'S**
NAVODAYA
VIDYALAYA
ENTRANCE EXAM.

Previous Years' Papers—Fully Solved

(For Class VI)

By
Dr. Lal & Jain

2017

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ISBN : 978-81-7482-293-2

Code No. 301

Printed at : UPKAR PRAKASHAN (Printing Unit) Bye-pass, AGRA

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NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA SCHEME

It has been decided by our government to set up residential schools, to be called as Navodaya Vidyalayas, on an average of one in each district, during the Seventh Five Year Plan. The broad aims for establishment of Navodaya Vidyalayas are to serve the objective of excellence coupled with equity, to promote national integration, provide opportunities to the talented children to develop their full potential, and to facilitate the process of school improvement. Children with special talent or aptitude can be found in all sections of people, and in all areas including the most backward. However, so far, good quality education has been available only to well to do sections of society, the poor have been left out. Furthermore, the disturbances within the country warrant the necessity of promoting strong feeling of national integration. The best way of promoting national integration is to orient the education of boys and girls towards integration. One important vehicle of integration is the core curriculum adumbrated in the New Education Policy. The core curriculum contains inputs from all regions of the country and contribution of states in ample measure.

A. GENERAL INFORMATION FOR ADMISSION TO NAVODAYA VIDYALAYA

1. To provide quality education to children who would otherwise remain deprived of it due to social economic or other limitations, the Government of India have evolved a scheme under which residential, co-educational NAVODAYA VIDYALAYAS are being established on an average, one in each district.

2. The Navodaya Vidyalaya will be fully financed and managed by Navodaya Vidyalaya Samiti, an autonomous organisation set up by the Government of India. While education is free in Navodaya Vidyalayas including boarding, lodging, uniforms and text books, a nominal fee of Rs. 200/- per month will be collected from the students from IX to XII Class. However, Children belonging to SC/ST, girls and from the students (boys) whose parents income is below poverty line are exempted from payment of fees.

3. The Vidyalayas will have separate hostels for boys and girls. Education in these Vidyalayas is fully free, including boarding, lodging, books, stationery and uniforms upto class VIII.

4. The Vidyalayas will prepare students for the Secondary/Senior Secondary Examination of the Central Board of Secondary Education, New Delhi.

5. Admission to Navodaya Vidyalayas is done in class VI and class IX. In view of the fact that most of the students so admitted would have been taught earlier through the medium of the mother tongue/regional language, instruction will be provided through the same medium up to VII or VIII Class during which time intensive teaching of Hindi/English both as language subjects and co-media will be undertaken. Thereafter, the common medium would be English in all Navodaya Vidyalayas.

6. A maximum of eighty students will be admitted to class VI in each Navodaya Vidyalaya only from the District concerned.

B. ELIGIBILITY

For all Candidates :

(a) Only the candidates from the district concerned where the Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya has been opened are eligible to apply for admission. However, the District where J.N.V. is opened and is bifurcated at a later date, the old boundaries of the district, are considered for the purpose of eligibility for admission into JNVST, in case a new Vidyalaya has not started in the newly bifurcated district as yet.

(b) A candidate appearing for the selection test must be studying in class V, for the whole of the current academic session in a Government/Government aided or other recognised schools or 'B' certificate competency course of National Institute of Open Schooling in the same district where he/she is seeking admission. A school will be deemed recognized if it is declared so by the Government or by any other agency authorized on behalf of Government. Schools where students have obtained 'B' certificate under National Institute of Open Schooling should have accreditation of NIOS. A candidate must successfully complete class V in the current session. Actual admission in class VI for the next session.

(c) A candidate seeking admission must be between 9 to 13 years of age on 01 May of the concerning year. This will apply to candidates of all categories. In case of any doubt of overage of candidates seeking admission they may be referred to a Medical Board for the confirmation of age. The decision of the Medical Board will be final.

(d) A candidate must have studied and passed classes III, IV and V from a recognised school spending one full academic session (without any repetition of class) in each class through the formal system of education.

(e) A candidate who has not been promoted and admitted to class V before September of the concerning year is not eligible for JNVST.

(f) No candidate is eligible to appear in the selection test second time, under any circumstances.

(g) The parents of the children who qualify the Selection Test will have to submit following at the time of admission :

(i) Affidavit/Residence Certificate in prescribed Performa in addition to other documents demanded by the concerned Vidyalaya.

(ii) For candidates seeking admission under rural quota, the parents will also have to submit an affidavit to the effect that the child is studying in an Institute located in a notified rural area and that they are residing in a notified rural area.

For Rural Candidates :

(a) Atleast 75% of the seats in a district will be filled by candidates selected from rural areas and remaining seats will be filled from the Urban areas of the district.

(b) A candidate seeking admission under the rural quota must have studied in classes III, IV and V, completing full academic session, from recognised school(s) located in rural areas.

(c) Candidates studying under the schemes of National Institute Open Schooling should produce their rural status certificate issued by District Magistrate/Tehsildar/BDO.

For Urban Candidates :

A candidate who has studied in a school located in an urban area even for a single day of a session in class III, IV and V will be considered as an Urban candidate. Urban areas are those which are so defined in the 2011 census or through a subsequent Government Notification. All other areas will be termed as rural.

Reservation for Seats :

(a) At least 75% of the seats in a district are filled by candidates selected from rural areas and remaining seats are filled from Urban areas of the district.

(b) There is a provision for reservation of seats for SC and ST candidates.

(c) There is a provision for reservation of one-third of the total number of seats for girls.

(d) 3% reservation for disabled children (*i.e.*, Orthopedically Handicapped, Hearing Impaired and Visually Handicapped).

C. HOW TO APPLY

1. Application forms for admission must be made on the prescribed Application Form obtainable free of charge from the Block Education Officer or District Education Officer or the Headmaster of the recognised school or the Principal of Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya.

2. Application Form duly filled in must reach the Block Education Officer, through the Head of the recognised school from where the child passed (or is to pass) Class V by the prescribed date.

3. Candidates are advised to get receipt from the B.E.O. at the time of submission of Application Form.

D. THE ISSUING ADMIT CARDS

The Admit Cards will be issued by the office of the Block Education Officer. In case of non-receipt of Admit Cards by the prescribed date candidates should contact the Principal Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya/Block Education Officer, District Education Officer.

E. EXAMINATION PAPERS

There will be only one examination paper for the Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya Test. Part I will be of 60 minutes duration. It will consist 50 questions based on Mental Ability Test.

Part II will be of 30 minutes duration. It will consist 25 questions based on simple arithmetic based on class V courses of various States and Union Territories of the country.

Part III will be of 30 minutes duration. It will consist 25 questions based on Language. There will be three passages and each passage will have five multi-answer questions. Besides, the remaining 10 questions will be designed to test the grammatical and writing skills of the candidates.

Total duration of the paper will be 2 hours.

SELECTION AND ADMISSION

Selection in the test will not vest any right on the candidates to secure admission into the JNV. At the time of seeking actual admission, each selected candidate will have to produce all relevant certificates, as prescribed by the Navodaya Vidyalaya Samiti. Until admission, the selection is provisional.

In case of any dispute, the decision of Navodaya Vidyalaya Samiti shall be final and binding on the candidates. Marks obtained by candidates (both selected and non-selected) in the test are not communicated.

There is no provision for re-evaluation of the answer scripts. Since the result is processed through computer and sufficient care is taken to ensure accuracy through various checks in processing the result, no request for re-totalling of marks will be entertained.

It may also be noted by the candidates and their parents/guardians that under the scheme of JNVs, students of a JNV located in Hindi speaking State may have to migrated to another JNV in non-Hindi speaking State and *vice-versa* when the students are promoted to class IX. In case of refusal from the students selected for migration, continuation of such students in JNV will not be allowed.

It may be noted by the candidates and their parents/guardians that the children selected on the basis of the Test will be admitted only in the JNV located in the district from where they are appearing at the JNVST. Under no circumstances the selected candidate will be given admission to any other JNV. No request for shifting of students on account of medium of instruction in the JNV concerned, shifting of parents/guardians to other district(s)/ State(s), etc., will be entertained.

Candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes (SCs) and Scheduled Tribes (STs) will have to produce a certificate of the Caste at the time of seeking admission, if selected. Such certificate should be procured from the competent authority before 15th May of the year of seeking admission so that it may be submitted to the Principal of concerned JNV at the time of admission.

Candidates belonging to the disabled category (Orthopedically Handicapped, Hearing impaired and Visually Handicapped) if selected will have to produce a medical certificate signed by Chief Medical Officer of the District concerned at the time of admission.

STATEWISE NUMBER OF JAWAHAR NAVODAYA VIDYALAYAS

S. No.	State / Union Territory	No. of JNV's	S. No.	State / Union Territory	No. of JNV's
1.	Andhra Pradesh	13 + 2	19.	Kerala	14
2.	Assam	27 + 1	20.	Lakshadweep	01
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	16	21.	Madhya Pradesh	48 + 2
4.	Andaman and Nicobar Island	02	22.	Maharashtra	32 + 1
5.	Bihar	38 + 1	23.	Manipur	09 + 2
6.	Chandigarh	01	24.	Meghalaya	07 + 1
7.	Chhattisgarh	16 + 1	25.	Mizoram	08
8.	Delhi	02	26.	Nagaland	11
9.	Daman and Diu	02	27.	Odisha	30 + 1
10.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	01	28.	Punjab	20 + 1
11.	West Bengal	17 + 1	29.	Puducherry	04
12.	Goa	02	30.	Rajasthan	32 + 2
13.	Gujarat	25 + 1	31.	Sikkim	04
14.	Haryana	20	32.	Tripura	04
15.	Himachal Pradesh	12	33.	Telangana	9
16.	Jammu and Kashmir	17 + 1	34.	Uttar Pradesh	70
17.	Jharkhand	22 + 2	35.	Uttarakhand	13
18.	Karnataka	27 + 1			
Total					576 + 22 = 598

Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya
Entrance Exam., 2016
(Class VI)
Solved Paper

2016

(Held on 9 January, 2016)

Section-I

Mental Ability Test

Part-I

Directions—(Q. 1-5) A question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures, marked (A), (B), (C), (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which can be formed from the cut-out pieces given in the question figure and write your answer only in English letters (*i.e.* A, B, C, D) in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

Question Figure	Answer Figures			
1.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
2.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
3.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
4.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
5.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

Part-II

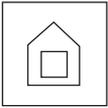
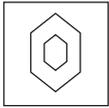
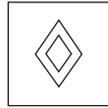
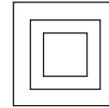
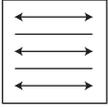
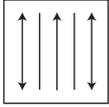
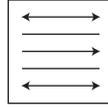
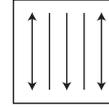
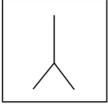
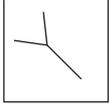
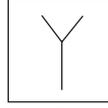
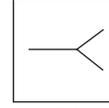
Directions—(Q. 6-10) A question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures, marked (A), (B), (C), (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which the question figure is hidden/embedded and write your answer only in English letters (*i.e.* A, B, C, D) in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

Question Figure	Answer Figures			
6.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
7.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
8.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
9.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
10.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

Part-III

Directions—(Q. 11-15) Four figures (A), (B), (C) and (D) have been given in each question. Of these four figures, three figures are similar in some way and one figure is different. Select the figure which is different and write your answer only in English letters (*i.e.*, (A), (B), (C), (D) in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

11.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
12.	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

13.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)
14.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)
15.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)

Part-IV

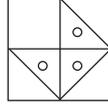
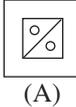
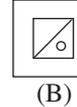
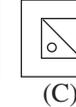
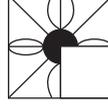
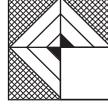
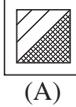
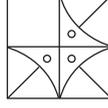
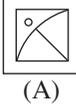
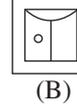
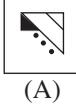
Directions—(Q. 16–20) A question figure is given on the left side and four answer figures, marked (A), (B), (C), (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which is exactly the same as the question figure and write your answer only in English letters (*i.e.* A, B, C, D) in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

- Question Figure**  **Answer Figures**
16.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)
17.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
18.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
19.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
20.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 

Part-V

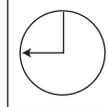
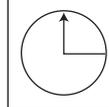
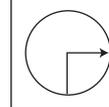
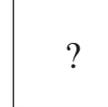
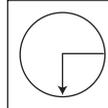
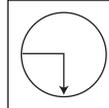
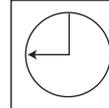
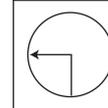
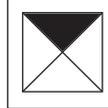
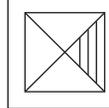
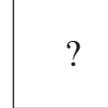
Directions—(Q. 21–25) There is a question figure on the left hand side, a part of which is missing. Observe the answer figures (A), (B), (C), (D) on the right hand side and find out the answer figure which **without changing the direction**, fits in the missing part of the question figure in order to complete the pattern in the

question figure. Indicate your answer by letter of the answer figure chosen by you in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

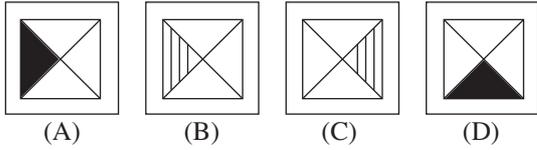
- Question Figure**  **Answer Figures**
21.  (A)  (B)  (C) 
22.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
23.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
24.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 
25.  (A)  (B)  (C)  (D) 

Part-VI

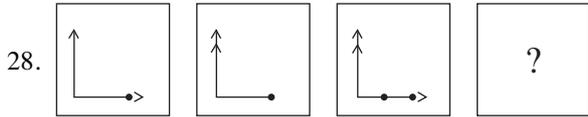
Directions—(Q. 26–30) There are three question figures and the space for the fourth figure is left blank. The question figures are in a series. Find out one figure from among the answer figures which occupies the blank space for the fourth figure and completes the series. Indicate your answer by letter of the answer figure chosen by you in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

- Question Figures**
26.    
- Answer Figures**
-  (A)  (B)  (C) 
- Question Figures**
27.    

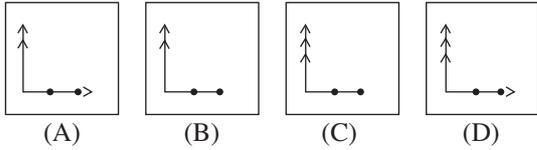
Answer Figures



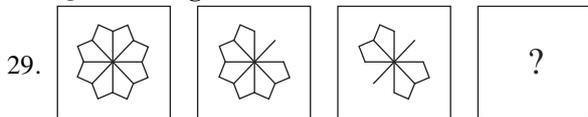
Question Figures



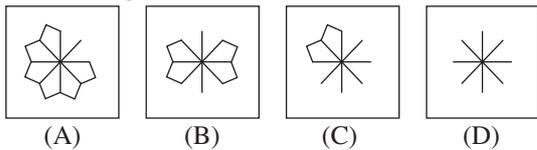
Answer Figures



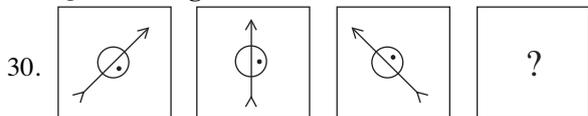
Question Figures



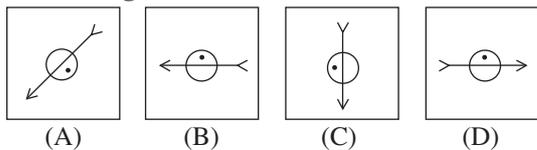
Answer Figures



Question Figures



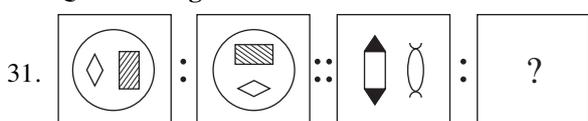
Answer Figures



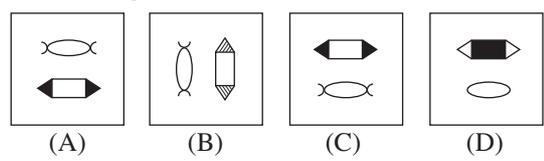
Part-VII

Directions—(Q. 31–35) There are two sets of two question figures each. The second set has an interrogation ?. There exists a relationship between the first two question figures. Similar relationship should exist between the third and fourth question figure. Select one of the answer figures which replaces the mark of interrogation. Write the letter of the answer figure selected by you in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

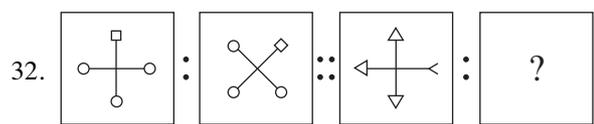
Question Figures



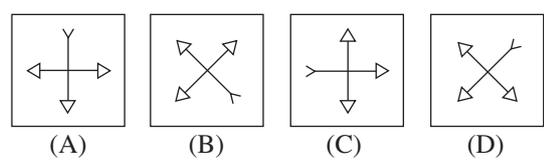
Answer Figures



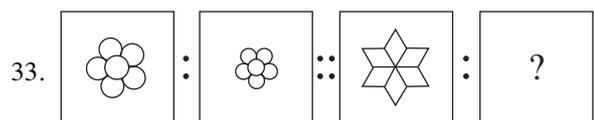
Question Figures



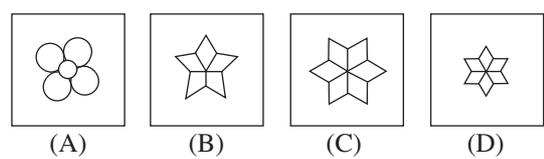
Answer Figures



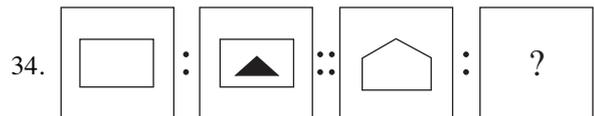
Question Figures



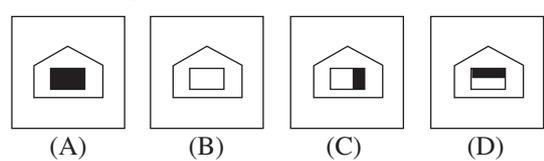
Answer Figures



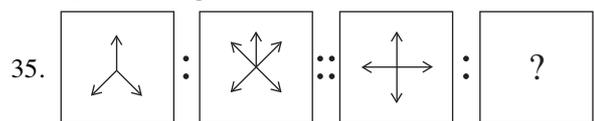
Question Figures



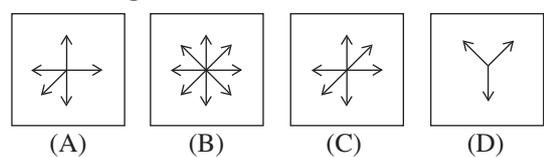
Answer Figures



Question Figures



Answer Figures



Part-VIII

Directions—(Q. 36–40) One part of a geometrical figure (Triangle, Square, Circle) is on the left hand side as question figure and the other one is among the four answer figures (A), (B), (C), (D) on the right hand side. Find the figure **on the right hand side** that completes the geometrical figure and write the letter given below that figure in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

	Question Figure	Answer Figures			
36.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
37.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
38.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
39.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
40.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

Part-IX

Directions—(Q. 41–45) There is a question figure on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C), (D) are given on the right side. Select the answer figure which is exactly the mirror image of the question figure when the mirror is held at XY. Indicate your answer by letter of the answer figure chosen by you in the against the letter corresponding to the question.

	Question Figure	Answer Figures			
41.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
42.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

43.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
44.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
45.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

Part-X

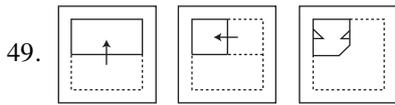
Directions—(Q. 46–50) A piece of paper is folded and punched as shown in question figures on the left side and four answer figures marked (A), (B), (C), (D) are given on right side. Select the answer figure which indicates how the paper will appear when opened (unfolded). Indicate your answer by letter of the answer figure chosen by you in the box against the letter corresponding to the question.

	Question Figures	Answer Figures			
46.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
47.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

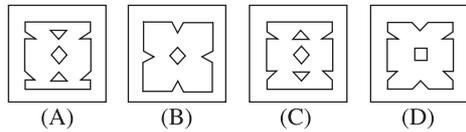
	Question Figures	Answer Figures			
47.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

	Question Figures	Answer Figures			
48.					
		(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)

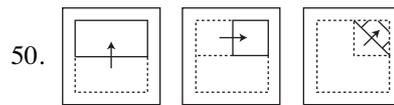
Question Figures



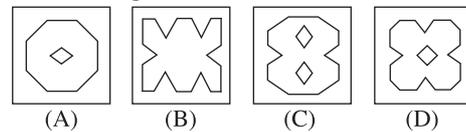
Answer Figures



Question Figures



Answer Figures

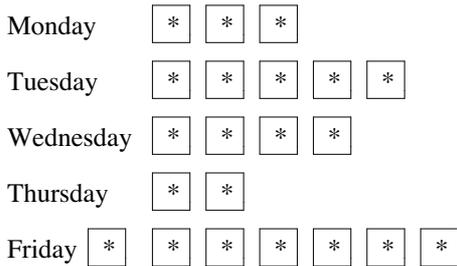


Section-II

Arithmetic

Directions—For every question, four probable answers bearing letters (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Only **one** out of these is **correct**. You have to give the correct answer and write the letter in the box against the letter corresponding to the questions in the answer sheet.

51. The number of baskets of apple sold by a shopkeeper on first five days of a week is given in the pictograph—

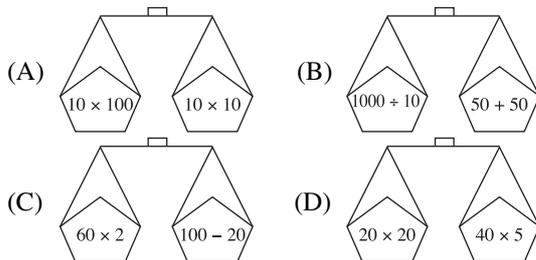


Where * shows 10 baskets

If he still has 140 baskets left, how many baskets he initially had ?

- (A) 210 (B) 260
(C) 350 (D) 410

52. Which of the following is balanced ?



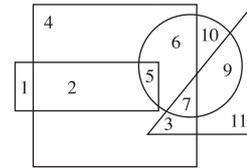
53. What is the difference between simple interest on ₹ 5,000 at 8% per annum for $3\frac{1}{2}$ years and simple interest on 4,000 at $4\frac{1}{2}$ % per annum for 8 years ?

- (A) ₹ 60 (B) 40
(C) ₹ 20 (D) ₹ 80

54. What is simplified value of the product $243 \times 3 \times 2^2 \times 5^5 \times 0 \times 4$?

- (A) 234564 (B) 32121215
(C) 1854212 (D) 0

55. Which number is in the square, circle and triangle ?



- (A) 1 (B) 5 (C) 7 (D) 6

56. What will be the sum of greatest 5 digit number and greatest 4 digit number ?

- (A) 108999 (B) 109998
(C) 1089 (D) 109999

57. Pots A and B have 145 and 116 litres of milk respectively. What should be the volume of the largest possible Can which can measure out the milk in each of the posts an exact number of times ?

- (A) 1 litre (B) 29 litres
(C) 4 litres (D) 23 litres

58. What is L. C. M. of 120, 240 and 360 ?

- (A) 360 (B) 120
(C) 240 (D) 720

59. When $144 \cdot 144$ is divided by 12, the quotient obtained is—

- (A) $120 \cdot 12$ (B) $12 \cdot 012$
(C) $12 \cdot 2012$ (D) $1 \cdot 2012$

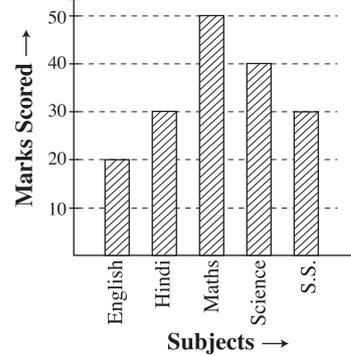
60. 135% is equal to—

- (A) $\frac{35}{100}$ (B) $\frac{27}{20}$
(C) 13·5 (D) 135

61. A man purchased 120 mangoes at rate of ₹ 4 per mango. 20 mangoes were rotten. He sold rest of mangoes at the rate of ₹ 48 for 10 mangoes. What is his gain of loss ?

- (A) gain ₹ 20 (B) loss ₹ 30
(C) no gain no loss (D) gain ₹ 10

62. At what rate per cent per annum, the simple interest on ₹ 3,650 will be ₹ 1,314 after 3 years ?
 (A) 8% (B) 10%
 (C) 12% (D) 15%
63. The length and breadth of a rectangular field are $3\frac{1}{4}$ m and $2\frac{3}{4}$ m respectively. What will be the cost of fencing it at the rate of ₹ $2\frac{1}{2}$ per metre ?
 (A) ₹ 20 (B) ₹ 30
 (C) ₹ 10 (D) ₹ 15
64. If $12276 \div 1.55 = 7920$. What is value of $1227.6 \div 7920$?
 (A) 1.55 (B) .0155
 (C) .155 (D) 15.5
65. What will be the value of $2^2 + 2^3 + 2^4 + 2^5$?
 (A) 15 (B) 20
 (C) 25 (D) 60
66. The next three numbers of the pattern 4, 9, 16, are—
 (A) 20, 24, 28 (B) 23, 30, 37
 (C) 25, 36, 49 (D) 25, 35, 45
67. The sum $30 + 3.0 + 0.3 + 0.33 + 0.333$ equals—
 (A) 33.963 (B) 33.636
 (C) 33.936 (D) 33.693
68. Mona bought a shirt for ₹ 860 and sold it at a gain of 15%. What is the selling price of the shirt ?
 (A) ₹ 875 (B) ₹ 980
 (C) ₹ 984 (D) ₹ 989
69. A man hired a taxi for a destination 12 km away. The fare is ₹ 25 for first two km and ₹ 10 for every subsequent kilometre. The total fare payable is—
 (A) ₹ 125 (B) ₹ 120
 (C) ₹ 115 (D) ₹ 110
70. 4 men or 6 women can finish a work in 16 days. In how many days the same work is completed by 2 men and 9 women ?
 (A) 12 days (B) 10 days
 (C) 9 days (D) 8 days
71. Which of the following is true for any natural number n ? { $>$ represents (greater no.) $<$ (smaller no.) }
 (A) $n^2 > n^3$ (B) $n^3 > n^2$
 (C) $n^2 - n^3 > 0$ (D) $n > 0$
72. Parul buys 9 large bottles of orange juice. Each bottle holds 750 mL of juice. How much orange juice has she altogether ?
 (A) 7.59 litre (B) 6.84 litre
 (C) 6.75 litre (D) 5.93 litre
73. The following chart gives the marks scored by a student in different subjects. His total score in all the subject is—



- (A) 150 (B) 170
 (C) 190 (D) 200

74. What is the answer got when we simplify $\left[\left(\frac{2}{3} + \frac{4}{9} \right) \text{ of } \frac{3}{5} \div 1\frac{2}{3} \times 1\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{3} \right]$?
 (A) $\frac{1}{3}$ (B) $\frac{1}{6}$
 (C) $\frac{1}{4}$ (D) $\frac{1}{9}$
75. A pair of socks costs twice as much as a cap. If 5 pairs of socks cost ₹ 1,250, what will 2 pairs of socks and 4 caps cost ?
 (A) ₹ 1,050 (B) ₹ 1,000
 (C) ₹ 950 (D) ₹ 1,250

Section-III Language

Directions—There are **five** passages in this Section. Each passage is followed by five questions. Read each passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. For each question four probable answers bearing letters (A), (B), (C) and (D) are given. Only **one** out of these is **correct**. You have to choose the correct answer and write the letters in the number box against the letter corresponding to the question in answer sheet.

Passage-I

Neem is very commonly seen in India. The entire tree *i.e.*, the bark, leaves and flowers have a lot of medicinal values as each helps in curing various diseases. The fresh leaves can be used by extracting the juice. A paste of the leaves can be taken along with a small piece of jaggery. In case of wounds a few leaves can be boiled in water and then this water, when at

tolerable temperature, can be used to wash the wounds. Two drops of Neem oil can be used for applying to the wound. Neem also helps in relieving itching in case of allergic rashes. The paste of Neem seeds can be applied to the scalp and washed off after 10 minutes of application. It also helps in eliminating dandruff, boils on the scalp and also prevents hair fall. Neem is very useful in jaundice. The juice can be given along with honey. Neem water can be used to soak feet in case of cracks on dried feet. Neem leaf powder is used for preserving grains and pulses. Neem is of special importance on New Year's Day as a symbol of good health and longevity.

76. The adjectival form of tolerate is—
 (A) tolerability (B) tolerating
 (C) tolerate (D) tolerable
77. A paste of Neem leaves should be taken with—
 (A) jaggery (B) water
 (C) milk (D) butter
78. Neem seeds are good for—
 (A) skin (B) hair
 (C) scalp (D) stomach
79. A word which means the same as effective is—
 (A) uncommon (B) affect
 (C) useful (D) fruitless
80. Grains and pulses benefit from the _____ of Neem.
 (A) seeds (B) juice
 (C) dried leaves (D) bark

Passage-II

Recently, one of my mother's uncles came to visit us. He is a retired colonel and something of a naturalist. He and I got talking about birds and he told me a fantastic story. His garden in Kolkata has a lawn with tall trees on one side. Neither grass nor flowers would grow in the shade of these trees, so uncle decided to have them chopped down. Nobody knew that a pair of crows had built their nest in one of these trees, When the branches hit the ground, the nest and the eggs were smashed to pieces. Not content to mourn their loss, father and mother crow declared revenge. For weeks afterwards, whenever anyone appeared in the garden, the crows would attack them with beak and claws. They would dart like small, black fighter planes and sometimes even draw blood!

81. Pick out the synonym of 'made' from the passage.
 (A) cut (B) smashed
 (C) built (D) did
82. Uncle decided to cut the trees as—
 (A) there was not enough sunlight for plants to grow
 (B) the crows were troublesome
 (C) he was a naturalist
 (D) they were overgrown

83. The crows have been compared to—
 (A) flowers and trees (B) fighter planes
 (C) father and mother (D) beak and claws
84. A word from the passage which means the same as 'charge' is—
 (A) chop (B) smash
 (C) attack (D) mourn
85. Being a naturalist, the narrator's uncle—
 (A) cut the trees down
 (B) was attacked by the crows
 (C) did not like the flowers in his garden
 (D) talked about crows

Passage-III

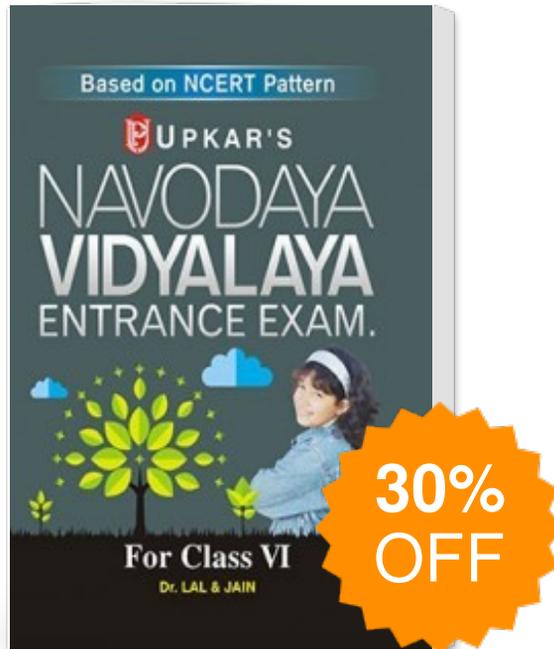
After six days of continuous rain, the little stream by Naren's farm had turned into a raging river. On the evening of the sixth day, as he tried to lead his cows to a higher ground, he stumbled over a tree trunk and fell. For a moment or two, he was out cold. When he came to, Bhanu, one of his oldest cows, was licking his face. All around, the water was rising. Naren's head hurt and he struggled to move. After a few minutes, he threw his arm around Bhanu's neck and tried to hang on. Eventually, Bhanu managed to pull herself and Naren out of water onto dry land. On that small island in the middle of the river, Naren and his cow waited for someone to rescue them.

86. How did Naren fall ?
 (A) He slipped off Bhanu's back
 (B) He stumbled over a tree trunk
 (C) He could not bear the cold
 (D) The water rose suddenly
87. Why did Naren lead his cows to a higher ground ?
 (A) It was raining (B) The river was raging
 (C) It was cold (D) It was evening
88. The word, 'eventually' means—
 (A) gratefully (B) safely
 (C) at last (D) happily
89. Bhanu, the cow—
 (A) was full of concern for Naren
 (B) wanted to put Naren in water
 (C) liked licking Naren's face
 (D) liked carrying Naren around
90. An island is—
 (A) a piece of land surrounded by water
 (B) a piece of land extending into the sea
 (C) where Naren and his cows were going to
 (D) where Bhanu lived

Passage-IV

By the time Nani came in morning, we had carted away our old articles no longer in use. But if I were ever to come back in the afternoon, she would be sitting in

Navodaya Vidyalaya Entrance Exam For Class 6



Publisher : Upkar Prakashan

ISBN : 9788174822932

Author : Dr Lal And Jain

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