According to the Revised Syllabus

UPKAR'S

PRACTICE WORK BOOK

UGC NET/JRF/SET

EDUCATION

(Paper-II & III)

Prof. K.D. Jha

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By

Prof. K.D. Jha

Upkar Prakashan, Agra-2

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EDUCATION
PRACTICE SET
(PAPER-II)

PRACTICE SET-1

- **This paper contains fifty (50) objective type questions of two (2) marks each.**
- **All questions are compulsory.**

1. A teacher is teaching students that they should not get irritated with others views even if they are against their views. He is taking care of their _____
   (a) Cognitive Development
   (b) Emotional Development
   (c) Physical Development
   (d) Social Development
2. A student says 'I must master problem solving skills in mathematics and become a great mathematician and to achieve this I am working hard'. The student has :
   (a) Intrinsic motivation
   (b) Extrinsic motivation
   (c) Mathematical motivation
   (d) Higher motivation
3. Advanced and enriched instructional materials, if developed and used in the schools, will help the:
   (a) Gifted children
   (b) backward children
   (c) learning disabled children
   (d) mentally retarded children
4. A teacher must know educational psychology so that he may :
   (a) understand the goals of education
   (b) develop appropriate methods of teaching
   (c) make selection of appropriate content
   (d) devise suitable techniques of evaluation
5. The rate of physical growth of children is more :
   (a) in early childhood than in later childhood
   (b) in later childhood than in adolescence
   (c) in adolescence than in early childhood
   (d) in adulthood than in adolescence
6. 'Draw a Man' test is :
   (a) a drawing test
   (b) an intelligence test
   (c) manual desterity test
   (d) an emotional test
7. In the context of the role of heredity and environment in personality development, which of the following is true?
   (a) good heredity can make up for poor environment
   (b) heredity and environment have equal contribution
   (c) poor environment can suppress good heredity
   (d) good environment can make up for poor heredity
8. Which of the following is associated with the Guilford's structure of Intellect Model?
   (a) 'g' and 's' factors
   (b) fluid and critalized intelligence
   (c) memory of symbolic classes
   (d) word fluency
9. Which of the following is NOT a feature of adolescence period?
   (a) faster physical development
   (b) clear and stable self-concept
   (c) increased interest in opposite sex
   (d) heightened emotional tendencies
10. Which of the following statements is true regarding relation between creativity and intelligence?
   (a) To be creative, certain level of intelligence is essential.
   (b) A person with high intelligence must be creative
   (c) A person with low intelligence may be creative
   (d) There is no relationship between intelligence and creativity.

11. A student was solving the mathematical problems and got puzzled with one. After devoting sometime in thinking about the solution he suddenly got a clue and solved the problem. It is learning through :
    (a) operant conditioning
    (b) classical conditioning
    (c) insight
    (d) hierarchical approach
12. If a teacher uses programmed learning material to teach students, then which one of the following may NOT be accommodated :
    (a) Active involvement of students
    (b) Insightful learning
    (c) learning at students' own pace
    (d) Providing feedback
13. Which of the following 'pillars of education' has its support from sociology?
    (a) learning to know
    (b) learning to be
    (c) learning to do
    (d) learning to live peacefully with others
14. Match the following :

List-I	**List-II**
(A) Socialisation	(i) religion
(B) collaborative activities	(ii) school
(C) democratic practices	(iii) home
(D) cultural practices	(iv) state
	(v) village

Codes :

	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)
(a)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(v)
(b)	(iv)	(ii)	(v)	(i)
(c)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(v)
(d)	(v)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

15. Modernisation in its true sense is :
    (a) development of science and scientific attitude
    (b) enjoyment of more comforts in life
    (c) adopting western culture
    (d) changing the way of life
16. What decides mostly the social stratification in rural India even today?
    (a) size of family
    (b) cultural practices
    (c) land ownership
    (d) political affiliation
17. Neighbourhood school policy will become successful if :
    (a) quality of education in all primary schools is uniformly good
    (b) equal opportunity to all students is provided
    (c) compulsory primary education is enforced.
    (d) there is increase in the enrolment of girls in the primary education.
18. Which of the following is mainly culturally decided?
    (a) social equity
    (b) social stratification
    (c) economic disadvantage
    (d) social mobility
19. **Assertion (A) :** Drop outs are from poor families.
    Reason (R) : In poor families parents are illiterate.
    (a) Both (A) and (B) are correct
    (b) Both (A) and (B) are not correct
    (c) (A) alone is correct
    (d) (B) alone is correct
20. Reservation policy promotes :
    (a) social equity
    (b) equality of opportunity
    (c) social mobility
    (d) social stratification
21. Which of the following relates to sociological aspect of education?
    (a) reservation of admissions
    (b) operation blackboard
    (c) free distribution of books
    (d) universal retention
22. Education during the British period is more :
    (a) elitist (b) egalitarion
    (c) democratic (d) modernist
23. Which of the following is NOT probabilistic sampling?
    (a) snow ball sampling
    (b) systematic sampling
    (c) cluster sampling
    (d) stratified proportionate sampling

24. Which of the following statement is NOT correct?
    (a) A characteristic can be a variable provided the standard deviation value is greater than zero.
    (b) The research title must indicate variable, population and research method
    (c) Parameters are to be computed from the data of entire population
    (d) There is no difference between parameter and statistic in case of sample.
25. Read the following title of a research in education.
    (i) An evaluation of SSA programme.
    (ii) An evaluation of SSA programme in UP state
    (iii) An evaluation of SSA programme in terms of enrolment of students in UP state.
    (iv) An evaluation of SSA programme in terms of reaction towards SSA programme of parents of students in UP state

    The most appropriate title of research in education is :
    (a) (ii) as well as (iii) titles.
    (b) (i) and (iv) titles.
    (c) (iii) as well as (iv) titles
    (d) (i) as well as (ii) titles.
26. Clique in sociogram indicates :
    (a) centre of choice
    (b) competent person
    (c) mutual inclusive sub-group
    (d) most liked person
27. Hypothesis is a statement about :
    (a) the relationship between two variables
    (b) intelligent guess of the solution of the problem
    (c) the tentative solution of the problem
    (d) all the above
28. In experimental research, the variable manipulated by the experimenter is :
    (a) dependent variable
    (b) independent variable
    (c) extraneous variable
    (d) confounding variable
29. For computing the value of t, one must calculate :
    (a) mean deviations
    (b) mean values
    (c) means as well as standard error of difference between means
    (d) standard deviation
30. In order to know the status of education all facilities in a district, the most suitable research method will be :
    (a) Historical method
    (b) case study method
    (c) Experimental method
    (d) survey method
31. Negative correlation between achievement in science and language indicates that :
    (a) Improvement in Science Achievement will accompany decline in Language Achievement
    (b) Change in Science Achievement will not effect Language Achievement
    (c) Decrease in Science Achievement will result in decrease in Language Achievement
    (d) Improvement in Science Achievement will result in improvement in Language Achievement
32. You have to select a sample of 100 boys and 100 girls from rural and urban schools of a block. The most suitable sampling method will be :
    (a) Random (b) Purposive
    (c) Quota (d) Stratified random
33. Action research is generally useful for :
    (a) Research fellows
    (b) Policy planners
    (c) Improving educational practices
    (d) Surveyors
34. To compare mean scores of anxiety of science, arts and commerce students of class XII. The most appropriate statistical technique used for analysing the data related to this objective will be :
    (a) t-test
    (b) ANOVA
    (c) ANOVA followed by t-test provided F-value is significant
    (d) ANOVA followed by t-test irrespective of the status of F-value

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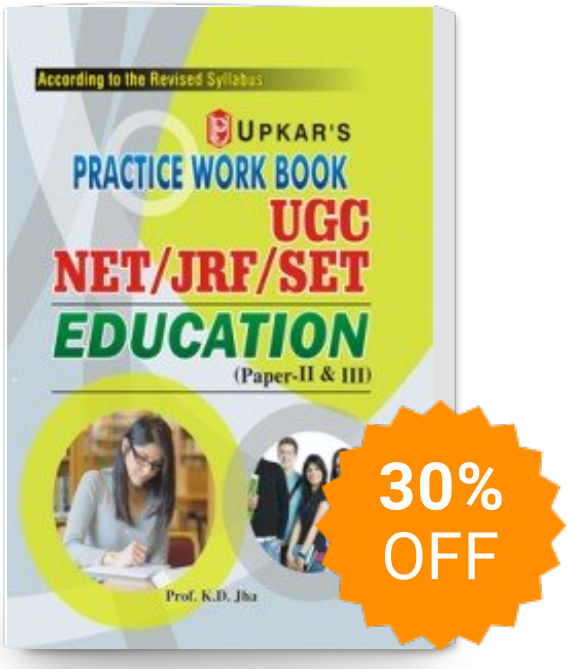

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