



- 1. Draw an angle ABO and a Line segment QR
- 2. With center A and any radius, draw an arc which intersects *ZBAC* at E and O
- 3. With center Q and same radius draw arc which intersect QR at S.
- 4. With center S and radius equal to DE, draw an arc which intersect previous arc at T
- 5. Draw a line segment joining Q and T

 $\therefore \angle PQR = \angle BAC$

2.

Sol:



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw angle ABC of 120°
- 2. With center B and any radius, draw an arc which intersects AB at P and which BC at Q

3. With center P and Q and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}PQ$, draw two arcs, with intersect each

other

at R. 4. Join BR $\therefore \angle ABR = \angle RBC = 60^{\circ}$

3.

Sol:



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw an angle Ie ABC of 108°
- 2. With center B and any radius, draw an arc which intersects AB at P and BC at Q



other at R.

- 4. Join BR
- $\therefore \angle RBC = 54^{\circ}$

4.



Sol:

Р

B

С 0, **Steps of construction:**

- 1. Draw an angle ABC of 90°
- 2. With center B and any radius, draw an arc which intersects AB at P and BC at Q

C.2

3. With center P and Q and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}PQ$, draw two arcs, which intersect each

other at R.

- 4. Join RB
- $\therefore \angle RBC = 45^{\circ}$



- 1. Draw an angle DCA and DCB forming Linear pair
- 2. With center C and any radius, draw an arc which intersects AC at P, CD at Q and CB at R.
- 3. With center P and Q and any radius draw two arcs which interest each other at S
- 4. Join SC
- 5. With center Q and R any radius draw two arcs, which intersect each other at T.
- 6. Join TC

[By using protractor] $\angle SCT = 90^{\circ}$

6.

Sol:



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a pair of vertically opposite angle AOC and DOB
- 2. With center O and any radius drawn two arcs which intersect OA at P, $Q \cdot OB$ at S and OD at R.
- 3. With center P and Q and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}PQ$, draw two arcs which intersect each

other at 7.

4. Join to

5.

5. With center R and S radius more than $\frac{1}{2}RS$, draw two arcs which intersect each other at

0.

- 6. Join OU.
- ∴ *TOU* is a straight line



Sol:



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment AB
- 2. With center and any radius drawn arc which intersect AB at C.
- 3. With center C and same radius drawn an arc which intersects AB at C.
- 4. With center D and same radius S drawn arc which intersect arc in (2) at E.

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- 5. With centers E and C and any radius, drawn two arcs which intersect each other at F.
- 6. Join FA

 $\angle FAB = 90^{\circ}$

8.

Sol:

Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment AB and produce BA to point C.
- 2. With center A and any radius drawn arc which intersect AC at D and AB at E.

- 3. With center D and E and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}DE$, draw two arcs which intersect each other at F.
- 4. Join FA which intersect the arc in (2) at G.
- 5. With centers G and D and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}GD$, draw two arcs which intersect each other at H.
- 6. Join HA $\therefore \angle HAB = 135^{\circ}$

9.



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw an angle ABC of 72° with the help of protector.
- 2. With center B and any radius, draw an arc which intersect AB at D and BC at E.
- 3. With center D and E and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}DE$, draw two arcs which intersect each other at F.
- 4. Join FB which intersect the arc in (2) at G.
- 5. With centers D and G and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}DE$, draw two arcs which intersect each other at F.
- 6. With centers D and G and radius more than $n\frac{1}{2}DG$ draw two arcs which intersect each

other at H

- 7. Join HB
- $\therefore \angle HAB = 54^{\circ}$

 $\angle FBC = 36^{\circ}$



- 1. Draw a line segment AB and produce BA to point C.
- With center A and any radius drawn an arc which intersect AC at D and AB at E. 2.
- With center D and E and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}DE$, draw arcs cutting each other at F. 3.
- Join FA which intersect arc in (2) at G. 4.
- 5. With centers G and D and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}GE$, draw arcs cutting each other at H.
- 6. Join HA

 $\therefore \angle HAB = 45^{\circ}$

(ii)

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Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment AB.
- 2. With center A and any radius drawn in arc which intersect AB at C.
- 3. With center C and same radius drawn an arc which intersects are in (2) E.
- 4. With centers E and D same radius draw an arc which intersects are in (2) at E.
- 5. Join HA

 $\angle FAB = 90^{\circ}$

10.



- 1. Draw a line segment AB.
- 2. With center A and any radius, draw an arc which intersect AB at C.
- 3. With center C and same radius, draw an arc which intersects previous arc at D.
- 4. With centers D and C and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}DC$, draw arcs intersecting each other at
 - E
- 5. Join EA
- $\therefore \angle EAB = 30^{\circ}$
- **(ii)**

Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment AB.
- 2. With center A any radius, draw an arc which intersect AB at C.
- 3. With center C and same radius, draw an arc which intersects previous arc at D.
- 4. With center D and same radius, draw an arc which interest are in (2) at E
- 5. With centers E and D and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}EN$, draw arcs intersecting each other at
 - F.
- 6. Join FA which intersects arc in (2) at G
- 7. With centers G and D, and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}GD$, draw arcs intersecting each other at
 - H.

11.



- 1. Draw a line segment AB.
- 2. With center A and any radius, draw an arc which intersect AB at C.
- 3. With center C and same radius, draw an arc which intersects previous arc at D.
- 4. With center D and same radius, draw an arc which interest are in (2) at E
- 5. With centers E and D and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}ED$, draw arcs intersecting each other at

F.

- 6. Join FA which intersects arc in (2) at G
- 7. With centers E and G, and radius more than half of EG, draw arcs intersecting each other at H.
- 8. Join HA $\angle HAB = 105^{\circ}$

(iv)



Steps of construction:

- 1. Draw a line segment AB and produce BA to pint C
- 2. With center A and any radius, draw an arc which intersect AC to D and AB at E.
- 3. With center D and E and radius more than half of DE, draw two arcs which intersects each other at F.
- 4. Join FA which intersect the arc in (2) at G

5. With center G and D radius more than $\frac{1}{2}GD$, draw two arcs which intersect each other

at H

- 6. Join HA $\angle HAB = 135^{\circ}$
- **(v)**



Steps of construction:

Step 1: Draw a line segment AB

Step 2: with center A and any radius, draw an arc which intersects previous arc at RC

Step 3: with center C and same radius, draw an arc which intersect previous arc at D

Step 4: with center D and C radius more than half of DC draw arcs intersecting each other at E

Step 5: Join EA which intersects arc in (2) at F.

Step 6: With centers F and C and radius more than $\frac{1}{2}FC$, draw arcs intersecting each other

Step 7: Join GA $\therefore \angle GAB = 15^{\circ}$

(vi)



Steps of construction:

Step 1: Draw a line segment AB

Step 2: with center A and any radius, draw an arc which intersects AB at C

Step 3: with center C and same radius, draw an arc which intersect previous arc at D

Step 4: with center D and same radius, draw an arc which intersects arc in (2) at E.

Step 5: with center E and D and radius more than half of ED, draw arcs intersecting each other at F.

Step 6: Join FA which intersects arc in (2) at G

Step 7: with center G and C and radius more than half of GC, draw arcs intersecting each other at H

Step 8: Join HA which intersects arc in (2) at 1.

Step 9: with centers I and C and radius more than half of IC, draw arcs intersecting each other

Step 10: Join JA

$$\therefore \angle JAB = 22\frac{1^{\circ}}{2}.$$

