Factorisation Ex 7C

Q1

Answer:

We have:

$$x^2 + 8x + 16 = x^2 + 2 \times x \times 4 + (4)^2$$

= $(x+4)^2$

$$x^2 + 8x + 16 = (x+4)^2$$

Q2

Answer:

We have:

$$x^{2} + 14x + 49 = x^{2} + 2 \times x \times 7 + (7)^{2}$$
$$= (x + 7)^{2}$$

$$x^2 + 14x + 49 = (x+7)^2$$

Q3

Answer:

We have:

$$1 + 2x + x^2 = x^2 + 2x + 1$$

= $x^2 + 2 \times x \times 1 + (1)^2$
= $(x + 1)^2$

$$1 + 2x + x^2 = (x+1)^2$$

Q4

Answer:

We have:

$$9+6z+z^{2} = z^{2}+6z+9$$

$$= z^{2}+2 \times x \times 3 + (3)^{2}$$

$$= (z+3)^{2}$$

$$0.9 + 6z + z^2 = (z+3)^2$$

Q5

Answer:

We have:

$$x^{2} + 6ax + 9a^{2} = x^{2} + 2 \times x \times 3a + (3a)^{2}$$

= $(x + 3a)^{2}$

$$x^2 + 6ax + 9a^2 = (x + 3a)^2$$

Q6

Answer:

We have:

$$4y^{2} + 20y + 25 = (2y)^{2} + 2 \times 2y \times 5 + (5)^{2}$$
$$= (2y+5)^{2}$$

$$4y^2 + 20y + 25 = (2y+5)^2$$

Q7

Answer:

We have:

$$36a^{2} + 36a + 9 = (6a)^{2} + 2 \times 6a \times 3 + (3)^{2}$$
$$= (6a + 3)^{2}$$

$$36a^2 + 36a + 9 = (6a + 3)^2$$

Q8

Answer:

We have:

$$9m^{2} + 24m + 16 = (3m)^{2} + 2 \times 3m \times 4 + (4)^{2}$$
$$= (3m+4)^{2}$$

$$\therefore 9m^2 + 24m + 16 = (3m+4)^2$$

Q9

Answer:

We have:

$$z^{2} + z + \frac{1}{4} = z^{2} + 2 \times z \times \frac{1}{2} \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$$
$$= \left(z + \frac{1}{2}\right)^{2}$$

$$\therefore z^2 + z + \frac{1}{4} = \left(z + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2$$

Q10

Answer:

We have

$$49a^{2} + 84ab + 36b^{2} = (7a)^{2} + 2 \times 7a \times 6b + (6b)^{2}$$
$$= (7a + 6b)^{2}$$

$$49a^2 + 84ab + 36b^2 = (7a + 6b)^2$$

Answer:

We have:

$$p^2 - 10p + 25 = p^2 - 2 \times p \times 5 + (5)^2$$

= $(p-5)^2$

$$p^2 - 10p + 25 = (p-5)^2$$

Q12

Answer:

We have:

$$121a^{2} - 88ab + 16b^{2} = (11a)^{2} - 2 \times 11a \times 4b + (4b)^{2}$$
$$= (11a - 4b)^{2}$$

$$121a^2 - 88ab + 16b^2 = (11a - 4b)^2$$

Q13

Answer:

We have:

$$1 - 6x + 9x^{2} = 9x^{2} - 6x + 1$$

$$= (3x)^{2} - 2 \times 3x \times 1 + (1)^{2}$$

$$= (3x - 1)^{2}$$

$$1 - 6x + 9x^2 = (3x - 1)^2$$

Q14

Answer:

We have:

$$9y^{2} - 12y + 4 = (3y)^{2} - 2 \times 3y \times 2 + (2)^{2}$$
$$= (3y - 2)^{2}$$

$$\therefore 9y^2 - 12y + 4 = (3y - 2)^2$$

Q15

Answer:

We have:

$$16x^{2} - 24x + 9 = (4x)^{2} - 2 \times 4x \times 3 + (3)^{2}$$
$$= (4x - 3)^{2}$$

$$16x^2 - 24x + 9 = (4x - 3)^2$$

Q16

Answer:

We have:

$$m^2 - 4mn + 4n^2 = m^2 - 2 \times m \times 2n + (2n)^2$$

= $(m - 2n)^2$

$$m^2 - 4mn + 4n^2 = (m-2n)^2$$

Q17

Answer:

We have:

$$a^{2}b^{2} - 6abc + 9c^{2} = (ab)^{2} - 2 \times ab \times 3c + (3c)^{2}$$

= $(ab - 3c)^{2}$

Q18

Answer:

We have:

$$m^4 + 2m^2n^2 + n^4 = (m^2)^2 + 2 \times m^2 \times n^2 + (n^2)^2$$

= $(m^2 + n^2)^2$

$$m^4 + 2m^2n^2 + n^4 = (m^2 + n^2)^2$$

Q19

Answer:

We have:

$$(l+m)^2 - 4lm = (l^2 + m^2 + 2lm) - 4lm$$

= $l^2 + m^2 + 2lm - 4lm$
= $l^2 + m^2 - 2lm$
= $(l)^2 + (m)^2 - 2 \times l \times m$
= $(l-m)^2$

$$\therefore (l+m)^2 - 4lm = (l-m)^2$$