# EXERCISE 15D

Answer 1:

(i)

radius (r) = 3.5 cm

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  cubic unit

$$= \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (3.5)^3 \text{cm}^3$$
$$= 179.67 \text{ cm}^3$$

Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2$  sq. Unit

$$= 4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (3.5)^2 \text{cm}^2$$
$$= 154 \text{ cm}^2$$

(ii)

radius (r) = 4.2 cm

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  cubic unit

$$= \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (4.2)^3 \text{cm}^3$$
$$= 310.464 \text{ cm}^3$$

Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2$  sq. Unit

$$= 4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (4.2)^2 \text{cm}^2$$
$$= 221.76 \text{ cm}^2$$

(iii)

radius (r) = 5 cm

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  cubic unit

$$= \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (5)^3 \text{cm}^3$$
$$= 523.81 \text{ cm}^3$$

Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2$  sq. Unit

$$= 4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (5)^2 \text{cm}^2$$
$$= 314.28 \text{ cm}^2$$

#### Answer 2:

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = 38808 \text{ cm}^3$ (Given  $V = 38808 \text{ cm}^3$ )  $\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (r)^3 = 38808$  $r^3 = 9261$  $r = \sqrt[3]{9261}$  $\Rightarrow$ r = 21 cm

Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2$  sq. Unit

 $=4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (21)^2 \text{cm}^2$  $= 5544 \text{ cm}^2$ 

#### Answer 3:

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = 606.375 m^3$  (Given V = 606.375 m<sup>3</sup>)  $\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (r)^3 = 606.375$ 

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 $r^3 = 144.703125$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

 $r = \sqrt[3]{144.703125}$ r = 5.25 m

Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2$  sq. Unit

$$= 4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (5.25)^2 m^2$$
$$= 346.5 m^2$$

#### Answer 4:

let radius of sphere = r cm Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2 = 154 \text{ cm}^2$  (Given S =  $154 \text{ cm}^2$ )  $4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (r)^2 = 154$   $r^2 = \frac{49}{4}$ r =  $\frac{7}{2}$ cm = 3.5 cm Volume of sphere =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  cubic unit  $\Rightarrow = \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (3.5)^3 \text{ cm}^3$  $\Rightarrow = 179.67 \text{ cm}^3$ 

#### Answer 5:

let radius of sphere = r cm

Surface area of Sphere =  $4\pi r^2 = 576\pi \text{ cm}^2$ 

 $4 \times \pi \times (r)^2 = 576\pi$ 

$$r^2 = 144$$

r = 12 cm

Volume of sphere  $=\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$  cubic unit

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(Given  $S = 576\pi cm^2$ )

 $\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times (12)^3 \text{cm}^3 = 2304 \pi \text{cm}^3$ 

#### Answer 6:

Given :

diameter of leadshot = 3 mm

 $\Rightarrow$ 

radius (r) = 1.5 mm = 0.15 cm

dimension of cubiod = 12 cm x 11 cm x 9 cm

Volume of Cuboid = no of lead shots x volume of 1 lead shot

 $\Rightarrow$  no of lead shots =  $\frac{Volume of Cuboid}{volume of 1 leadshot}$ 

 $=\frac{(12\times11\times9)}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)\times\left(\frac{22}{7}\right)\times(0.15)^{3}}$ 

 $= \frac{(12 \times 11 \times 9 \times 3 \times 7)}{4 \times 22 \times (0.15) \times (0.15) \times (0.15)}$ 

Answer 7:

Given :

radius (r) of one lead ball = 1 cm

radius (R) of sphere = 8 cm

Volume of Sphere = no of lead balls x volume of 1 lead ball

 $\Rightarrow$  no of lead balls =  $\frac{Volume of Sphere}{volume of 1 lead ball}$ 

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^3}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times r^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{R^3}{r^3} = \frac{8^3}{1^3} = 512$$

#### Answer 8:

Given : radius (R) of sphere = 3 cm diameter of balls = 0.6 cm  $\therefore$  radius (r) of balls = 0.3 cm

Volume of Solid Sphere = no of small balls casted x volume of 1 small ball

 $\Rightarrow$  no of small balls =  $\frac{Volume of Sphere}{volume of 1 lead ball}$ 

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^3}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times r^3}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{R^3}{r^3} = \frac{3^3}{(0.3)^3} = 1000$$

## Answer 9:

Given :

radius (R) of sphere = 10.5 cm

radius (r) of cones = 3.5 cm

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height of cone (h) = 3 cm

Volume of Sphere = no of cones casted x volume of 1 small cone

 $\Rightarrow$  no of cones =  $\frac{Volume of Sphere}{volume of 1small cone}$ 

$$= \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^3}{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \times \pi \times r^2 \times h}$$

$$= \frac{4 \times R^3}{r^2 \times h} = \frac{4 \times (10.5)^3}{(3.5)^2 \times 3} = 126$$

Answer 10:

Given:

Diameter of sphere = 12 cm

 $\Rightarrow$  radius (r) of sphere = 6 cm

Diameter of cylinder = 8 cm

 $\Rightarrow$  radius of cylinder (R) = 4 cm

height of cylinder (H) = 90cm

Volume of Cylinder = no of sphere x volume of onesphere

 $\Rightarrow$ no of sphere =  $\frac{Volume of Cylinder}{volume of 1 sphere}$ 

$$= \frac{\pi \times R^2 \times H}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times r^3}$$

$$= \frac{3 \times R^2 \times H}{4 \times r^3} = \frac{3 \times (4)^2 \times 90}{4 \times (6)^3} = 5$$

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## Answer 11:

Given :

Diameter of sphere = 6 cm

 $\Rightarrow$ radius of sphere (R) = 3 cm

Diameter of wire = 2mm

$$\Rightarrow$$
 radius of wire (r) = 1mm = 0.1 cm

let the length of wire is h cm

Volume of Wire = volume of Sphere  $\pi r^2 h = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$ 

 $\Rightarrow h = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^3}{\pi \times r^2}$ 

$$=\frac{4\times R^3}{3\times r^2}$$

 $= \frac{4 \times 3^3}{3 \times (0.1)^2} = \frac{36}{0.01}$ 

$$= 3600 \text{ cm} = 36 \text{ m}$$

Answer 12:

Given :

Diameter of sphere = 18 cm

 $\Rightarrow$ radius of sphere (R) = 9 cm

length of wire (h) = 108 m = 10800 cm

let the radius of wire is r cm

Volume of Wire = volume of Sphere  

$$\pi r^2 h = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^3}{\pi \times h}$$

$$= \frac{4 \times R^3}{3 \times h}$$

$$=\frac{4\times9^{3}}{3\times10800}$$

$$r^2 = \frac{9}{100}$$
  
 $\Rightarrow r = \sqrt{\frac{9}{100}} = \frac{3}{10} = 0.3 \text{ cm}$ 

diameter of wire = 2 x radius of wire

= 2 x r = 2 x 0.3

= 0.6 cm

## Answer 13:

Given :

 $\Rightarrow$  radius of sphere (R) = 7.8 cm

length of cone (h) = 31.2 cm

let the radius of base of cone is r cm

Volume of Cone = volume of Sphere  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$ 

$$\Rightarrow r^{2} = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^{3}}{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) \times \pi \times h}$$

$$=\frac{4\times R^3}{h}$$

 $=\frac{4\times(7.8)^3}{31.2}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$ 

	$r^2 =$	60.84	•
	$r = \sqrt{60.8}$	$\overline{4} = 7.8$	cm
61	6.0	•	

diameter of base of Cone = 2 x radius of base of Cone

= 2 x r = 2 x 7.8

= 15.6 cm

## Answer 14:

Given :

Diameter of sphere = 28 cm

 $\Rightarrow$  radius of sphere (R) = 14 cm

Diameter of cone = 35 cm

 $\Rightarrow$  radius of cone (r) = 17.5cm

let the height of cone is h cm

Volume of Cone = Volume of Sphere  $\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$ 

$$\Rightarrow h = \frac{\binom{4}{3} \times \pi \times R^3}{\binom{1}{3} \times \pi \times r^2}$$

$$=\frac{4\times R^3}{r^2}$$

 $= \frac{4 \times 14^3}{(17.5)^2} = \frac{10976}{306.25} \text{cm}$ 

= 35.84 cm

Answer 15:

Given :

radius of big ball(R) = 3 cm

 $radius \ of first \ ball \ (r_1) \quad = 1.5 cm$ 

radius of second ball  $(r_2) = 2cm$ 

let radius of third ball is  $r_3 cm$ 

Volume of Big Ball = Volume of first ball + Volume of Second ball + Volume of third ball  $\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 = \frac{4}{3}\pi r_1^3 + \frac{4}{3}\pi r_2^3 + \frac{4}{3}\pi r_3^3$ 

$$\frac{4}{3}\pi R^{3} = \frac{4}{3}\pi (r_{1}^{3} + r_{2}^{3} + r_{3}^{3})$$

$$R^{3} = (r_{1}^{3} + r_{2}^{3} + r_{3}^{3})$$

$$3^{3} = \{(1.5)^{3} + (2)^{3} + r_{3}^{3}\}$$

$$27 = 3.375 + 8 + r_{3}^{3}$$

$$r_{3}^{3} = 27 - 11.375$$

$$r_{3}^{3} = 15.625$$

$$r_{3} = \sqrt[3]{15.625} = 2.5 \text{ cm}$$
radius of third ball = 2.5 cm

#### Answer 16:

let the radii of first sphere is x cm and second sphere is y cm and Surface area is  $S_1$  and  $S_2$ .

 $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{1}{2}$  (Given)  $\Rightarrow \qquad y = 2x \qquad \dots eq.(i)$ so,  $\frac{S_1}{S_2} = \frac{x}{y}$   $= \frac{x^2}{y^2} = \frac{x^2}{(2x)^2} \qquad [From eq(i)]$   $= \frac{1}{4}$  $\Rightarrow S_1:S_2 = 1:4$ 

#### Answer 17:

let the radii of twosphere is  $r\$ and R , Volume is  $\ V_1$  and  $V_2 respectively$ 

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then,

$$\frac{4\pi r^2}{4\pi R^2} = \frac{1}{4} \qquad \text{(Given)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r^2}{R^2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{R} = \frac{1}{2} \qquad \dots \qquad \text{eq(i)}$$
so, 
$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times r^3}{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times R^3}$$

$$= \left(\frac{r}{R}\right)^3$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^3$$

$$= \frac{1}{8}$$

 $\Rightarrow$  V<sub>1</sub>:V<sub>2</sub> = 1:8

## Answer 18:

Given:

radius of cylindrical tub(R) = 12 cm

depth of tub = 20 cm

level of water raise (h) = 6.75 cm

let the radius of ball is r

Volume of iron ball = volume of water raised

 $\Rightarrow \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3 = \pi R^2 h$ 

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[From eq(i)]

$$\Rightarrow r^{3} = \frac{3 \times R^{2} \times h}{4}$$
$$= \frac{4}{3} = \frac{2916}{4}$$
$$r^{3} = 729$$
$$\Rightarrow r = 9 \text{ cm}$$

#### Answer 19:

Given:

radius of cylindrical bucket (R) = 15 cmheight of bucket = 20 cmradius of ball (r) = 9 cm

let the increase in water level is x

Volume of water raised = volume of spherical ball  $\pi R^2 x = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$   $\Rightarrow \qquad x = \frac{4 \times r^3}{3 \times R^2}$   $\Rightarrow \qquad = \frac{4 \times 9^3}{3 \times 15^2}$   $= \frac{2916}{675}$ x = 4.32 cm

#### Answer 20:

Given:

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Outer Diameter of shell = 12 cm

 $\Rightarrow$ Outer radius of shell(R) = 6 cm

Inner Diameter of shell = 8cm

 $\Rightarrow$ Inner radius of shell (r) = 4cm

Volume of outer Shell =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$ =  $\frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times 6^3$ = 905.15 cm<sup>3</sup>

Volume of inner Shell =  $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ =  $\frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times 4^3$ 

$$=$$
 268.20 cm<sup>3</sup>

so, Volume of metal contained in shell = (Volume of outer Shell) - (Volume of inner Shell)

$$= (905.15) - (268.20) \text{ cm}^{3}$$

 $= 636.95 \text{ cm}^3$ 

Outer Surface area =  $4\pi R^2$  sq. unit

$$=4 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times 6^2 \text{ cm}^2$$

 $= 452.57 \text{ cm}^2$ 

# Answer 21:

Given:

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Externalradii of shell(R)	= 9 cm
Internalradii of shell(r)	= 8 cm
density of metal (d)	$= 4.5 \text{ gm per cm}^3$

Volume of hollow shell 
$$=$$
  $\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times (R^3 - r^3)$   
 $= \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (9^3 - 8^3) \text{ cm}^3$   
 $= \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times 6^3 \text{ cm}^3$   
 $= \frac{4}{3} \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times 217 \text{ cm}^3$   
 $= 909.33 \text{ cm}^3$ 

Density  $=\frac{Weight}{Volume}$ 

 $\therefore$  Weight = Volume x Density

 $= 909.33 \times 4.5 \text{ g}$ 

= 4092 g

= 4.092 kg (1 kg = 1000 g)

Answer	22:

Given:

radius of hemisphere (R) = 9 cm

Height of cone (h) = 72 cm

let the base radius of cone is r.

Volume of Cone = volume of hemisphere

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h = \frac{2}{3}\pi R^3$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix} \times \pi \times r^2 \times 72 = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix} \times \pi \times 9^3$$

$$\Rightarrow r^2 = \frac{2 \times 9 \times 9 \times 9}{72}$$

$$= \frac{1458}{72}$$

$$r^2 = 20.25$$

 $\Rightarrow$  r = 4.5 cm

base radius of cone = 4.5 cm

#### Answer 23:

Given:

Radius of hemispherical bowl (R) = 9 cm

diameter of bottle = 3 cm

 $\Rightarrow$  radius of bottle (r) = 1.5 cm

Height of bottle(h) = 
$$4 \text{ cm}$$

No. Of bottles  $=\frac{Volume of bowl}{Volume of one bottle}$ 

$$=\frac{\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)\times\pi\times(9)^3}{\pi\times(1.5)^2\times4}$$

$$=\left(\frac{2\times3\times81}{9}\right)$$

= 54

## Answer 24:

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Given:

internalRadius of bowl (r) = 4 cm  
thickness of 
$$bowl(t) = 0.5$$
 cm

$$\Rightarrow$$
 External radius of bowl (R) = Internal radius + thickness

=(r + t) cm= (4+0.5) cm =

4.5 cm

Volume of steel used = Volume of outer hemisphere – Volume of Inner hemisphere

$$\Rightarrow = \frac{2}{3}\pi R^3 - \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$= \frac{2}{3}\pi (R^3 - r^3)$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \pi \times ((4.5)^3 - (4)^3)$$

$$= \left(\frac{2}{3}\right) \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times 27.125$$

$$= 56.83 \text{ cm}^3$$

## Answer 25:

Given:

innerRadius of bowl (r) = 5 cm  
thickness of 
$$bowl(t) = 0.25$$
 cm

 $\Rightarrow$  Outer radius of bowl (R) = Internal radius + thickness

=(r + t) cm= (5+0.25) cm =

5.25 cm

Outer Curved surface =  $2\pi R^2$  sq. Unit

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$$= 2 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (5.25)^2$$

 $= 173.25 \text{ cm}^2$ 

### Answer 26:

Given:

 $\Rightarrow$  inner Radius of bowl (r) = 5.25 cm

Inner Curved surface area of bowl  $= 2\pi r^2$ 

 $= 2 \times \left(\frac{22}{7}\right) \times (5.25)^2$ 

 $= 173.25 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Cost of painting 
$$100 \text{ cm}^2 = \text{Rs.} 32$$

⇒ for 173.25 cm<sup>2</sup> = Rs.  $(\frac{32 \times 173.25}{100})$ = Rs. 55.44

**Answer 27:** let the diameter of earth is d

 $\Rightarrow$  radius =  $\frac{d}{2}$ 

thus, diameter of moon will be  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  radius of moon  $=\frac{d}{8}$ 

$$\frac{Volume of earth}{Volume of moon} = \frac{\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) \times \pi \times \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^3}{\frac{4}{3} \times \pi \times \left(\frac{d}{8}\right)^3}$$
$$= \frac{\left(\frac{d^3}{8}\right)}{\left(\frac{d^3}{512}\right)} = \frac{d}{8}$$

= 64

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 $\Rightarrow Volume of moon = \frac{1}{64} \times Voulme of Earth$ 

# Answer 28:

Volume of Solid hemisphere = Surface area of solid hemisphere (Given)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{3}\pi r^3 = 3\pi r^2$$
$$r = \frac{9}{2} \text{ unit}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 diameter = 2 × r = 2 ×  $\frac{9}{2}$  = 9 unit