# Exercise 1B

## Answer.1.

Denominator of  $\frac{13}{80}$  is 80 i)

And.  $80 = 2^4 \times 5^1$ 

80 has no prime factor other than 2 and 5

∴ it is a terminating decimal

Denominator of  $\frac{7}{24}$  is 24 And,  $24 = 2^3 \times 3^1$ ii)

24 has prime factor 3 which is other than 2 and 5

- ∴ it is not a terminating decimal
- Denominator of  $\frac{5}{12}$  is 12 And,  $12 = 2^2 \times 3^1$ iii)

12 has prime factor 3 which is other than 2 and 5

- ∴ it is not a terminating decimal
- Denominator of  $\frac{31}{375}$  is 375 And, 375 = 5<sup>3</sup> × 3<sup>1</sup> iv)

375 has prime factor 3 which is other than 2 and 5

- ∴ it is not a terminating decimal
- Denominator of  $\frac{16}{125}$  is 125 v)

And.  $125 = 5^3$ 

125 has prime factor only 5 which is other than 2 and 5

∴ it is not a terminating decimal

### Answer2.

 $\frac{5}{8} = 0.625$ , i)

It is terminating decimal because it ends after a finite number of digits.

 $\frac{7}{25} = 0.28$ , ii)

It is terminating decimal because it ends after a finite number of digits.

 $\frac{3}{11}=0.\overline{27},$ iii)

It is non terminating decimal because it doesn't end after a finite number of digits.

 $\frac{5}{13} = 0.\overline{384615}$ iv)

It is non terminating decimal because it doesn't end after a finite number of digits.

v) 
$$\frac{11}{24} = 0.458\overline{3}$$

It is non terminating decimal because it doesn't end after a finite number of digits.

vi) 
$$\frac{261}{400} = 0.6525$$

It is terminating decimal because it ends after a finite number of digits.

vii) 
$$\frac{231}{625} = 0.3696$$

It is terminating decimal because it ends after a finite number of digits.

viii) 
$$2\frac{5}{12} = \frac{29}{12} = 2.41\overline{6}$$

It is non terminating decimal because it doesn't end after a finite number of digits.

### Answer.3.

i) Let 
$$x = 0.\overline{2}$$

Then, 
$$x = 0.222$$
 .... (i)

Since repeating block has only one digit 2, we multiply its 10 which is

$$10x = 2.222$$
 .... (ii)

Subtract (ii) - (i)

$$9x = 2$$

So, 
$$x = \frac{2}{9}$$

ii) Let 
$$x = 0.\overline{53}$$

Then, 
$$x = 0.5353$$
 .... (i)

Since repeating block has only two digits, we multiply its 100 which is

$$100x = 59.5353$$
 .... (ii)

Subtract (ii) - (i)

$$99x = 53$$

So, 
$$x = \frac{53}{99}$$

iii) Let 
$$x = 2.\overline{93}$$

Then, 
$$x = 2.9393$$
 .... (i)

Since repeating block has only 2digit, we multiply its 100 which is

$$100x = 293.9393$$
 .... (ii)

$$99x = 291$$

So, 
$$x = \frac{291}{99}$$
 or  $\frac{97}{33}$ 

iv) Let 
$$x = 18.\overline{48}$$

Then, 
$$x = 18.4848$$
 .... (i)

Since repeating block has only digit 2, we multiply its 100 which is

$$100x = 1848.4848$$
 .... (ii)

$$99x = 1830$$

So, 
$$x = \frac{1830}{99}$$
 or  $\frac{610}{33}$ 

- v) Let  $x = 0.\overline{235}$ Then, x = 0.235235 .... (i) Since repeating block has only 3 digits, we multiply its 1000 which is 1000x = 235.235235 .... (ii) Subtract (ii) – (i) 909x = 235 So,  $x = \frac{235}{999}$
- vi) Let  $x = 0.00\overline{32}$ Then, x = 0.003232 .... (i) Since repeating block has only 2 digits, we multiply its 100 which is 10000x = 32.3232 .... (ii) Subtract (ii) – (i) 9999x = 32.32So,  $x = \frac{32.32}{9999} = \frac{3232}{999900} = \frac{8}{2475}$
- vii) Let  $x = 1.3\overline{23}$  Then, x = 1.32323 .... (i) Since repeating block has only 2digit , we multiply its 100 which is 100x = 132.32323 .... (ii) Subtract (ii) (i) 99x = 131 So,  $x = \frac{131}{99}$
- viii) Let  $x = 0.3\overline{178}$ Then, x = 0.3178178 .... (i) Since repeating block has only 3digit , we multiply its 100 which is 1000x = 317.8178 .... (ii) Subtract (ii) – (i) 999x = 317.5So,  $x = \frac{317.5}{9990} = \frac{3175}{9990} = \frac{635}{1998}$
- ix) Let  $x = 32.12\overline{35}$ Then, x = 32.1235 .... (i) Since repeating block has only 2digit, we multiply its 100 which is 100x = 3212.3535 .... (ii) Subtract (ii) – (i) 99x = 3180.23So,  $x = \frac{3180.23}{99}$  or  $\frac{318023}{9900}$
- x) Let  $x = 0.40\overline{7}$ Then, x = 0.407 .... (i) Since repeating block has only one digit , we multiply its 10 which is 10x = 4.077 .... (ii)

Subtract (ii) – (i)  

$$9x = 3.67$$
  
So,  $x = \frac{3.67}{9}$  or  $\frac{367}{900}$ 

#### Answer4.

Let 
$$x = 2.\overline{36}$$

Then, 
$$x = 2.3636$$
 .... (i) Since repeating block has only 2 digits, we multiply its 100 which is  $100x = 236.3636$  .... (ii) Subtract (ii) – (i)  $99x = 234$  So,  $x = \frac{234}{99}$  Let  $y = 0.\overline{23}$  Then,  $y = 0.2323$  .... (i) Since repeating block has only 2 digits, we multiply its 100 which is  $100y = 23.2323$  .... (ii) Subtract (ii) – (i)  $99y = 23$  So,  $y = \frac{23}{99}$  So,  $y = \frac{23}{99}$   $x + y = \frac{234}{99} + \frac{23}{99} = \frac{257}{99}$ 

### Answer.5.

Let 
$$x=0.\overline{38}$$

Then,  $x=0.3838$  .... (i)

Since repeating block has only 2 digits, we multiply its 100 which is  $100x=38.3838$  .... (ii)

Subtract (ii) – (i)

 $99x=38$ 

So,  $x=\frac{38}{99}$ 

Let  $y=1.\overline{27}$ 

Then,  $y=1.2727$  .... (i)

Since repeating block has only 2 digits, we multiply its 100 which is  $100x=127.2727$  .... (ii)

Subtract (ii) – (i)

 $99x=126$ 

So,  $x=\frac{126}{99}$ 
 $\frac{38}{99}+\frac{126}{99}=\frac{164}{99}$  which is in form  $\frac{p}{q}$