CLASS IX (2019-20)

SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE 087)

SAMPLE PAPER-3

Time Allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- (i) The question paper has 35 questions in all.
- (ii) Marks are indicated against each question.
- (iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 20 are objective type questions. Each question carries one mark. Answer them as instructed.
- (iv) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- (v) Questions from serial number 29 to 34 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- (vi) Question number **35** is a map question of **6 marks** with two parts-**35 a**. from History (2 marks) and **35 b**. from Geography (4 marks).

SECTION A

Q1. Match the following items given in column A with those in column B. Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

| Column A | | Column B | |
|----------|-------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| (A) | Active citizens | 1. | Tax levied by the church |
| (B) | Feudal privileges | 2. | Society of France before 1789 |
| (C) | Old Regime | 3. | Entitled to vote |
| (D) | Tithe | 4. | Services by peasants to lords |

Q2. What was the Comintern?

[1]

- (a) Bolshevik-founded international union of pro-Bolshevik socialist parties.
- (b) USSR's Communist University.
- (c) Collective farms in USSR.
- (d) Term refers to non-Russian communities in USSR
- Q3. Study the picture and answer the question that follows:

[1]



Which of the following aspect best signifies this image?

- (a) Russian soldiers of First world war.
- (b) A meeting of Bolshevik Party.
- (c) A meeting of the Petrograd Soviet.
- (d) A meeting of elected members of Duma.
- Q4. Why is the difference between the durations of day and night hardly felt at Kanyakumari but not so in Kashmir?
- Q5. Who chaired the drafting committee of Indian constitution?

[1]

- (a) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (b) B.R. Ambedkar

(c) Rajendra Prasad

- (d) Vallabhbhai Patel
- Q6. Complete the following table with correct information with regard to The Thom Forests and Scrubs:[1]

| The Thorn | Areas receiving Rainfall | Characteristic of Roots | Characteristic of leaves |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Forests and | ? | long roots penetrating deep | ? |
| Scrubs | | into the soil | |

Q7. From which language is the word democracy derived?

[1]

OR

How is electoral system in Fiji non-democratic?

Q8. Correct the following statement and rewrite:

Literacy rate among females is higher than males.

[1]

OR

The workforce population includes people from 25 years to 45 years.

Q9.



Which one of the following option best signifies this cartoon?

[1]

- (a) Some families tend to dominate political parties and tickets are distributed to relatives from these families.
- (b) Relatives of politicians are often dragged into politics.
- (c) Politicians should not talk about their families in public.
- (d) Politicians are often accused of providing benefits to their relatives.
- Q10. The work done by women is not recognised in the National Income.

[1]

OR

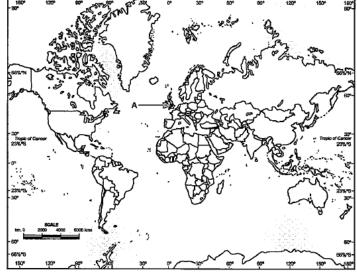
Vocational streams have been developed

| Q11. | What is the objective of subsidy? | | [1] |
|------|--|--|-------|
| | | OR | |
| | What is the main function of Food Co | orporation of India ? | |
| Q12. | What are the modem farming method | ls? | [1] |
| Q13. | Which of the following crop is grown (a) Wheat(c) Jowar | during kharif season ? (b) Sugarcane (d) Potato | [1] |
| Q14. | The British government gave the sole r | ight to trade in the forest products of particular areas to OR | [1] |
| | Movement of the Gaddi shepherds is | decided by the | |
| Q15. | Which of the following state is amon (a) Madhya Pradesh (c) Kerala | g the low poverty ratio ? (b) Bihar (d) Odisha | [1] |
| Q16. | In Delhi, is providing milk a Government of Delhi. | and vegetables to the consumers at controlled rate decided | d by |
| Q17. | Which of the following is not a reaso (a) British colonial administration. (b) Large Population. (c) Unequal distribution of land and (d) Green revolution. | CK all | [1] |
| Q18. | (i) Mahadeo range (iii)Aravali hills Options: (a) i—iv—iii—ii | m north to south in the correct sequence: (ii) Vindhya range (iv)Satpura Range (b) iii—iv—i—ii (d) iii—ii—iv—i | [1] |
| Q19. | the statements and choose the correct Assertion (A): Poverty is reduced in | china and South-east Asian countries. changed the definition of poverty for their country. e correct explanation of A. | Read |
| Q20. | among the military who manage various and the appointed military persons evarious organisations that oppose this | His country is ruled by a military general. He also selects persons departments like Finance, Defence, Industry etc. The Generact laws and set rules for the country in meetings. There and demand a constitution and parliament. Over the years, mations are mysteriously become unseen. People accuse that | e are |

ruler are behind these incidents. Supreme Court of the country has not done anything about this.

| | • | n above, considering one of the following correct option. (b) Right against exploitation | [1] |
|------|--|--|------------------------|
| | (a) Right to freedom(c) Rule of law | (d) Elections | |
| | (c) Rule of law | | |
| 001 | *** | SECTION B | 503 |
| Q21. | Why is it important to study a | | [3] |
| | What are the differences way | OR | 4.m., a.m.d. a |
| | • | n may found in the occupational structure of a developed coun India's development trend with respect to its occupational struct | • |
| Q22. | Explain the Inter-State Dispa | rities in poverty in India. | [3] |
| | | OR | |
| | What are the different indicative widely used. | tors used to study poverty? Explain any one common indicator | which is |
| Q23. | Read the sources given below | v and answer the questions that follows: | [3] |
| | Source A – The Effects of | | |
| | Germany retaliated with passive resistance and printed paper currency recklessly. With too much printed money in circulation, the value of the German mark fell. In April the US dollar was equal to 24,000 marks, in July 353,000 marks, in August 4,621,000 marks and at 98,860,000 marks by December, the figure had run into trillions. As the value of the mark collapsed, prices of goods soared. | | |
| | Source B – Reconstructi | on | |
| | the Soviet Red Army hounded | ed a crushing and humiliating defeat on Germany at Stalingrad. And out the retreating German soldiers until they reached the heart of over the entire Eastern Europe for half a century thereafter. | |
| | end of the training they had to banner which represents our | six and ten went through a preliminary training in Nazi ideologo take the following oath of loyalty to Hitler: 'In the presence of the Fuhrer I swear to devote all my energies and my strength to the lam willing and ready to give up my life for him, so help me Go | his blood e saviour |
| | Source A – The Effects (23 (1) Why did Germany pri | | |
| | Source B – Reconstruction 23 (2) What was the aim of the sum of th | on the Hitler behind the attack on Soviet Russia? | |
| | Source C – Youth in Na: 23 (3) Analyse the motive be | · | |
| Q24. | Who are minorities? Discuss | s their rights provided by the Indian constitution. | [3] |
| | | OR | |
| | Discuss the right to profess, p | practice and propagate the religion. | |
| Q25. | Differentiate between parlian | nentary constituencies, assembly constituencies and wards. | [3] |
| Q26. | Where do farmers get labour | for agricultural production ? | [3] |
| Q27. | Discuss the effects of First W | Vorld War on industries of Russia. | [3] |
| | | OR | |
| | Discuss the civil war in Russ | ia. Who succeed in this war and why? | |

How Nazis used the ideas of thinkers to justify their views on racism? [3] **SECTION C** What had helped Indian constitution makers to draft the constitution? Q29. [5] OR Discuss the making of constitution in South Africa. Q30. Read the extract and answer the questions that follows: [5] As these winds blow over warm oceans, they bring abundant moisture to the subcontinent. These winds are strong and blow at an average velocity of 30 km per hour. With the exception of the extreme north-west, the monsoon winds cover the country in about a month. The inflow of the south-west monsoon into India brings about a total change in the weather. Early in the season, the windward side of the Western Ghats receives very heavy rainfall, more than 250 cm. The Deccan Plateau and parts of Madhya Pradesh also receive some amount of rain in spite of lying in the rain shadow area. The maximum rainfall of this season is received in the north-eastern part of the country. (i) What is the direction of the monsoon winds when they come over the India and when they move back? (ii) What do you understand by the windward side and rain shadow area? (iii) What are the changes brought by the monsoon winds? Q31. Discuss the concept of rationing in Indian context. [5] Sometimes we use word democracy for organisations other than the government. Examine. Q32. [5] Q33. Describe the different divisions of northern plains on the basis of variations in relief features [5] Give a brief description of the two islands groups of India. Why is the period from 1793 to 1794 in French History termed as the Reign of Terror? Q34. [5] MAP SKILL BASED QUESTION (a) Two places A and B have been marked on the given outline map of World and France. Identify Q35. them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them: [2] **History:** (A) A country which fought First World War against central powers. (B) A region which was not affected by the Great Fear.





- (b) On the outline map of India locate and label any four of the following with suitable symbols : [4] **Geography :**
 - (i) Capital of Jharkhand
 - (ii) Identify Vegetation Type
 - (iii)The Coastal Plains
 - (iv)Lakes Pulicat
 - (v) The state having lowest density of population
 - (vi)Identify the Peninsular river

