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**Social Work**  
**UGC-NET/JRF Exam.**  
**Solved Papers**

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**June 2009**  
**Social Work**  
**(Paper-II)**

**Note**—This paper contains **fifty (50)** objective type questions, each question carrying **two (2)** marks. Attempt **all** of them.

1. Concepts are known as—  
(A) Steps in Social Research  
(B) Causal explanation  
(C) Steps in Operationalization  
(D) Building blocks of Theory
2. Independent variables are generally shown on—  
(A) Y-axis (B) X-axis  
(C) Column (D) Row
3. Match the pairs—  
**List-I**  
(a) The Industrial Disputes Act  
(b) The Maternity Benefit Act  
(c) The Contract Labour Act  
(d) The Minimum Wages Act  
**List-II**  
1. 1961                      2. 1948  
3. 1947                      4. 1970  
**Codes :**  
(a) (b) (c) (d)  
(A) 3 1 4 2  
(B) 4 2 1 3  
(C) 1 2 3 4  
(D) 2 3 4 1
4. Which of the following is not a nominal variable ?  
(A) Buddhist (B) Indian  
(C) Catholic (D) I Q Score
5. The author of the book 'Why Survive ? Being old in America' is—  
(A) Amartya Sen (B) Phillipson, C  
(C) Butler, R. N. (D) Margaret Mead
6. The data generated by using observation methods is—  
(A) Secondary data (B) Primary data  
(C) Meta analysis (D) Text analysis
7. Identify the correct sequence—  
(A) Radical social work, Social diagnosis, Unitary approach  
(B) Social diagnosis, Unitary approach, Radical social work  
(C) Unitary approach, Radical social work, Social diagnosis  
(D) Unitary approach, Social diagnosis, Radical social work
8. The degree to which an instrument really measures what it claims to measure is called—  
(A) Construct (B) Delimitation  
(C) Validity (D) Reliability
9. When was the All India Trade Union Congress formed ?  
(A) 1919 (B) 1920  
(C) 1921 (D) 1922
10. The Law of three stages of social development was originally propounded by—  
(A) Karl Marx (B) Talcott Parsons  
(C) Auguste Comte (D) Herbert Spencer
11. Labour court is a—  
(A) Adjudicating authority  
(B) Settlement authority  
(C) Voluntary authority  
(D) Social authority
12. According to the payment of wages Act 1936, the employer is authorised to deduct from the wages of employee upto the maximum of—  
(A) 25% (B) 50%  
(C) 75% (D) 90%

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13. Council on social work education was established in the year—  
 (A) 1952 (B) 1947  
 (C) 1936 (D) 1949
14. The Medical termination of pregnancy Act came into force in the year—  
 (A) 1971 (B) 1972  
 (C) 1973 (D) 1974
15. Arrange the following in correct sequence—  
 1. Specific protection  
 2. Early diagnosis  
 3. Primary prevention  
 4. Prompt and accurate treatment  
 5. Rehabilitation  
 (A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 (B) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5  
 (C) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4 (D) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1
16. Which one of the following is not an indicator of job satisfaction ?  
 (A) High rate of Labour Turnover  
 (B) High Morale  
 (C) High Motivation  
 (D) High Productivity
17. One of the criticisms against Narco analysis is that—  
 (A) It is a tentative method  
 (B) It is not a reliable method  
 (C) It exploits the helplessness of the subject  
 (D) It is a risk to life
18. Casework methods are classified as—  
 (i) Sustaining procedures  
 (ii) Procedures of direct influence  
 (iii) Catharsis and  
 (iv) Reflective procedures by  
 (A) Helen Harris Perlman  
 (B) Mary Richmond  
 (C) Florence Hollis  
 (D) Gordon Hamilton
19. Mark the correct explanation—  
 PORK, SOAP, SAP and STRAP are—  
 (A) Types of casework records  
 (B) Methods of treatment for juvenile delinquents  
 (C) Articles of utility  
 (D) Known shortforms
20. The author of the book **'From charity to social work'** is—  
 (A) Mary Richmond  
 (B) Friedlander, W  
 (C) Elizabeth. N. Agnew  
 (D) Jane Adams
21. The person educated through a foreign language is sure to be unpatriotic—  
 (A) The statement is a fact  
 (B) The statement is an advice  
 (C) The statement is an opinion  
 (D) The statement is a prejudice
22. Match the following pairs—  

<b>List-I</b>	<b>List-II</b>
(a) Association	1. 't' test
(b) Dispersion	2. Chi-square
(c) Inference	3. Correlation
(d) Difference	4. Standard deviation

**Codes :**  

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(A) 3	4	2	1
(B) 1	2	3	4
(C) 2	3	4	1
(D) 3	2	1	4
23. Who classified values of social work as abstract and instrumental ?  
 (A) Kohs (B) Herbert Bisno  
 (C) Pumphery (D) Philip Klein
24. Which one of the articles of Indian Constitution the Indian state to make special provisions for women and children ?  
 (A) 16 (B) 15  
 (C) 23 (D) 17
25. Arrange the following stages in correct order—  
 1. Identification of problem  
 2. Data collection instrument  
 3. Code book preparation  
 4. Research Questions  
 5. Objectives of the study  
 6. Data reduction  
 7. Data analysis  
**Codes :**  
 (A) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 6 & 7  
 (B) 1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 7 & 6

- (C) 1, 4, 5, 2, 3, 6 & 7  
(D) 4, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 & 7
26. The difference between population parameter and sample statistic is called—  
(A) Sampling error (B) Statistic  
(C) Sampling bias (D) Variance
27. Intervening variables can be controlled by—  
(A) Randomization (B) Conceptualization  
(C) Description (D) Operationalization
28. A concept made measurable is called—  
(A) Attribute (B) Variable  
(C) Theory (D) Value
29. Match the following pairs—  
**List-I**  
(a) Theory of culture lag  
(b) Theory of differential association  
(c) Routinisation of Charisma  
(d) Conflict theory of change  
**List-II**  
1. E. M. Sutherland      2. Karl Marx  
3. William Ogburn      4. Max Weber  
**Codes :**  
(a) (b) (c) (d)  
(A) 3 1 4 2  
(B) 4 3 1 2  
(C) 3 2 4 1  
(D) 2 3 4 1
30. Millennium development goals consist of—  
(A) 8 goals, 18 targets and 48 indicators  
(B) 8 goals, 20 targets and 31 indicators  
(C) 18 goals, 28 targets and 38 indicators  
(D) 28 goals, 28 targets and 28 indicators
31. The Child Labour Prohibition and abolition in Domestic and Hospitality Services, Act is passed in the year—  
(A) 2005 (B) 1986  
(C) 2006 (D) 2007
32. The successor of General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) is—  
(A) WTO (B) IMF  
(C) ADB (D) World Bank
33. The Civil society Index is proposed by—  
(A) UNDP  
(B) IMF  
(C) CIVICUS  
(D) Transparency International
34. Match the following pairs—  
**List-I**  
(a) Lewis Coser (b) Malinowski  
(c) Kurt Lewin (d) James Coleman  
**List-II**  
1. Field Theory  
2. Conflict Theory  
3. Rational Choice Theory  
4. Exchange Theory  
**Codes :**  
(a) (b) (c) (d)  
(A) 2 4 1 3  
(B) 1 2 3 4  
(C) 2 3 4 1  
(D) 3 2 1 4
35. Which conference has brought in the concept of sustainable development ?  
(A) Montreal Conference  
(B) The Doha Conference  
(C) The Rio Conference  
(D) The World Social Forum 2005
36. The Human Development Index (HDI) as an index of measurement of development is developed by—  
(A) UNDP (B) World Bank  
(C) WTO (D) IMF
37. **Assertion (A) :** Economic growth created opportunities for people and post-reform. Period showed slow performance on macro-economic variables.  
**Reason (R) :** There is Complementarity between economic growth and equity.  
Which of the following is correct ?  
**Codes :**  
(A) Both (A) and (R) are correct, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)  
(B) Both (A) and (R) are correct and (R) is a correct explanation of (A)  
(C) Both (A) and (R) are wrong  
(D) (R) is a correct, but (A) is wrong
38. Whose approach in case work is considered an eclectic approach ?  
(A) Florence Hollis (B) Jessie Taft  
(C) H. H. Perlman (D) Mary Richmond

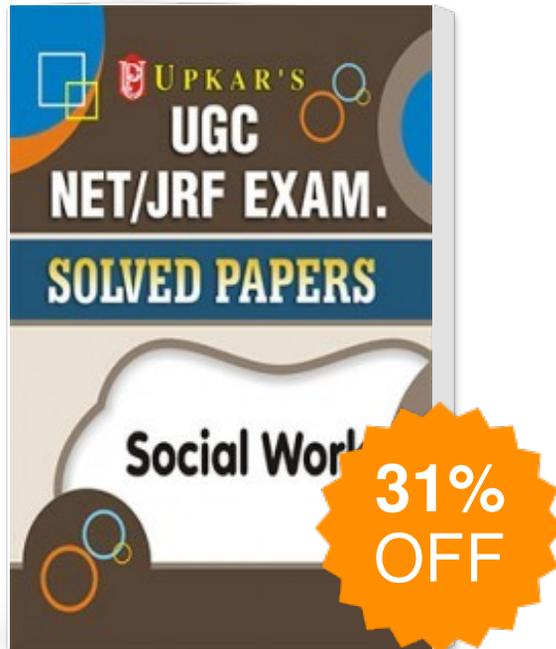


### Answers with Hints

1. (B)    2. (B)
3. (A) The Industrial Disputes Act — 1947  
The Maternity Benefit Act — 1961  
The Contract Labour Act — 1970  
The Minimum Wages Act — 1948
4. (D)
5. (C) **Why Survive? Being Old In America** written by Robert Neil Butler and published by Harper & Row in 1975, it won the 1976 Pulitzer Prize for General Non-Fiction.
6. (A)    7. (A)    8. (D)
9. (C) The **All India Trade Union Congress** (AITUC) is the oldest trade union federations in India and one of the five largest. According to provisional statistics from the Ministry of Labour, AITUC had a membership of 2,677,979 in 2002. It was founded on October 31, 1920 in Bombay by Lala Lajpat Rai and a few others and, until 1945 when unions became organised on party lines, it was the primary trade union organisation in India. Since then it has been associated with the Communist Party of India.
10. (C) The **Law of Three Stages** is an idea developed by Auguste Comte. It states that society as a whole and each particular science, develops through three mentally conceived stages: (1) the theological stage, (2) the metaphysical stage, and (3) the positive stage.
11. (A) A **labour court** is a governmental judiciary body which rules on labour or employment-related matters and disputes. In a number of countries, labour cases are often taken to separate national labour high courts. Other states, such as the United States, possess general non-judiciary labour relations boards which govern union certifications and elections.
12. (A) The Payment of Wages Act regulates by when wages shall be distributed to employees by the employers. The law also provides the tax withholdings the employer must deduct and pay to the central or state government before distributing the wages.
13. (C) The **Council on Social Work Education** (CSWE) is the national association for social work education in the United States of America.
14. (B) As per India's abortion laws only qualified doctors under stipulated conditions can perform abortion on a woman in an approved clinic or hospital. The Indian abortion laws fall under the Medical Termination of Pregnancy (MTP) Act, which was enacted by the Indian Parliament in the year 1971. The MTP Act came into effect from April 1, 1972 and was once amended in 1975.
15. (A)    16. (A)    17. (C)    18. (B)    19. (C)
20. (A) Pioneer of professional social work and an integral part of women's history in the United States, Mary Ellen Richmond's work with families and their social problems, as well as her research, provided valuable insight into how charity evolved into social work. She successfully created a model for social casework (also known as case management) and the approach now known in the social work field as person-in-environment perspective.
21. (D)    22. (B)    23. (B)
24. (B) Article 15 of the Constitution states that no person shall be discriminated on the basis of caste, colour, language etc. Every person shall have equal access to public places like public parks, museums, wells, bathing ghats and temples etc. However, the State may make any special provision for women and children. Special provisions may be made for the advancements of any socially or educationally backward class or scheduled castes or scheduled tribes.
25. (A)    26. (C)
27. (C) An **intervening variable** is a hypothetical internal state that is used to explain relationships between observed variables, such as independent and dependent variables, in empirical research.
28. (D) **Value theory** encompasses a range of approaches to understanding how, why and to what degree people value things; whether the thing is a person, idea, object or anything else.
29. (A) Theory of culture lag  
— William Ogburn  
Theory of differential association  
— E.M. Sutherland  
Routinisation of Charisma — Max Weber  
Conflict theory of change — Karl Marx

30. (A) The **Millennium Development Goals** are eight international development goals that were officially established following the Millennium Summit of the United Nations in 2000, following the adoption of the United Nations Millennium Declaration. All 193 United Nations member states and at least 23 international organizations have agreed to achieve these goals by the year 2015. The goals are—
1. Eradicating extreme poverty and hunger,
  2. Achieving universal primary education,
  3. Promoting gender equality and empowering women,
  4. Reducing child mortality rates,
  5. Improving maternal health,
  6. Combating HIV/AIDS, malaria, and other diseases,
  7. Ensuring environmental sustainability, and
  8. Developing a global partnership for development.
31. (C) Article 24 of India's constitution prohibits child labour. Additionally, various laws and the Indian Penal Code, such as the Juvenile Justice (care and protection) of Children Act-2000, and the Child Labour (Prohibition and Abolition) Act-1986 provide a basis in law to identify, prosecute and stop child labour in India.
32. (A) The **General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT)** was a multilateral agreement regulating international trade. According to its preamble, its purpose was the 'substantial reduction of tariffs and other trade barriers and the elimination of preferences, on a reciprocal and mutually advantageous basis.' It was negotiated during the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment and was the outcome of the failure of negotiating governments to create the International Trade Organization (ITO). GATT was signed in 1947 and lasted until 1994, when it was replaced by the World Trade Organization in 1995.
33. (A) Civil society is an unusual concept in that it always seems to require being defined before it is applied or discussed. In part this is because the concept was rarely used in American discourse before the late eighties and many people are therefore unfamiliar with it. In part it is a result of an inherent ambiguity or elasticity in the concept. (This is not so unusual. The apparently straightforward notion of freedom can in certain circumstances carry a meaning closer to license than to liberty.)
- Perhaps the simplest way to see civil society is as a 'third sector,' distinct from government and business. In this view, civil society refers essentially to the so-called 'intermediary institutions' such as professional associations, religious groups, labour unions, citizen advocacy organizations, that give voice to various sectors of society and enrich public participation in democracies.
34. (A) Lewis Coser — Conflict Theory  
 Malinowski — Exchange Theory  
 Kurt Lewin — Field Theory  
 James Coleman — Rational Choice Theory
35. (D) **Sustainable development** refers to a mode of human development in which resource use aims to meet human needs while ensuring the sustainability of natural systems and the environment, so that these needs can be met not only in the present, but also for generations to come. The term 'sustainable development' was used by the Brundtland Commission, which coined what has become the most often-quoted definition of sustainable development: "development that meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
36. (A) The **Human Development Index (HDI)** is a composite statistic of life expectancy, education and income indices to rank countries into four tiers of human development. It was created by economist Mahbubul Haq, followed by economist Amartya Sen in 1990, and published by the United Nations Development Programme.
37. (B) 38. (A)
39. (A) A **role** is a set of connected behaviours, rights, obligations, beliefs and norms as conceptualised by actors in a social situation. It is an expected or free or continuously changing behaviour and may have a given individual social status or social position.
40. (A) 41. (C)

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